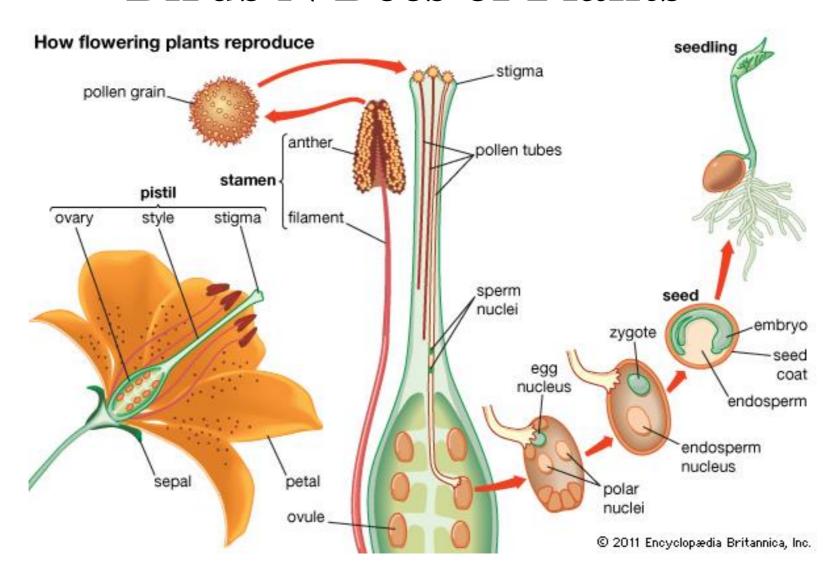
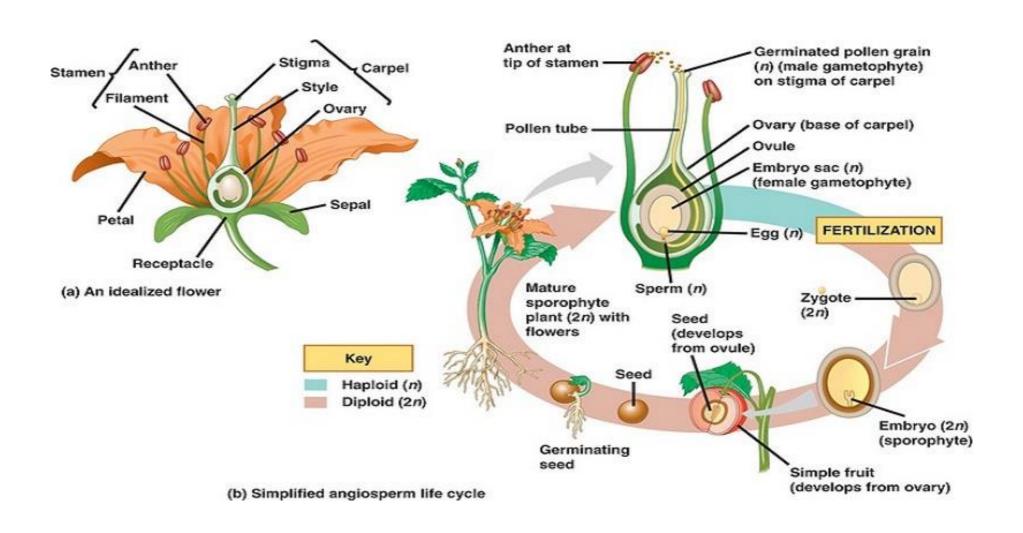
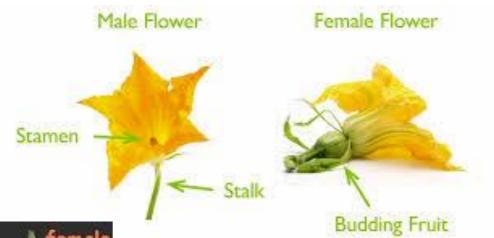
Birds N Bees of Plants

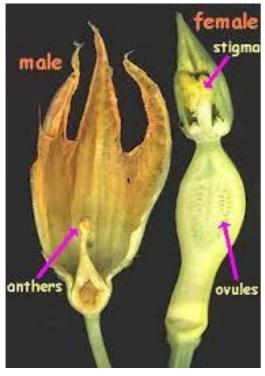


Birds N Bees of Plants



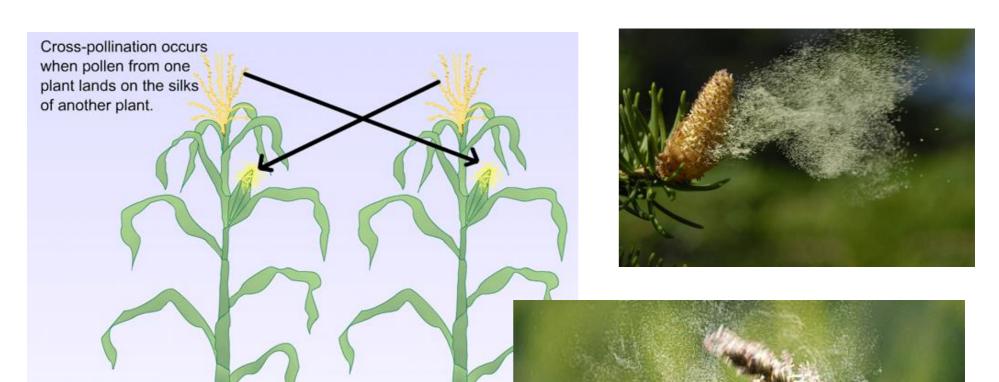
What is Pollination?





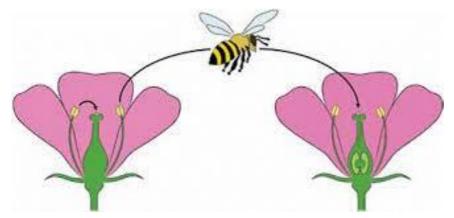


Pollination: Wind



Most likely to cross-pollinate: Corn Beet, Spinach, Orach

Pollination: Insect



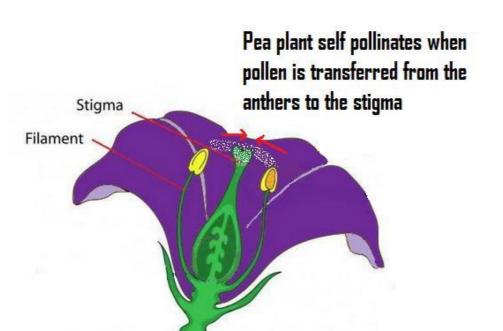


Most likely to cross-pollinate:
Squash, Cucumbers
Melons, Pumpkins
Winter Squash
Kale, Cabbage, Kohlrabi, Cauliflower
Radish, Turnip





Pollination: Self





Least likely to cross-pollinate:

Tomatoes

Peas, Beans

Peppers, Eggplant

Techniques to prevent or control Cross-Pollination

- Isolate desired plant population with distance
- Netting and bagging are options
- Hand-pollination gives you control

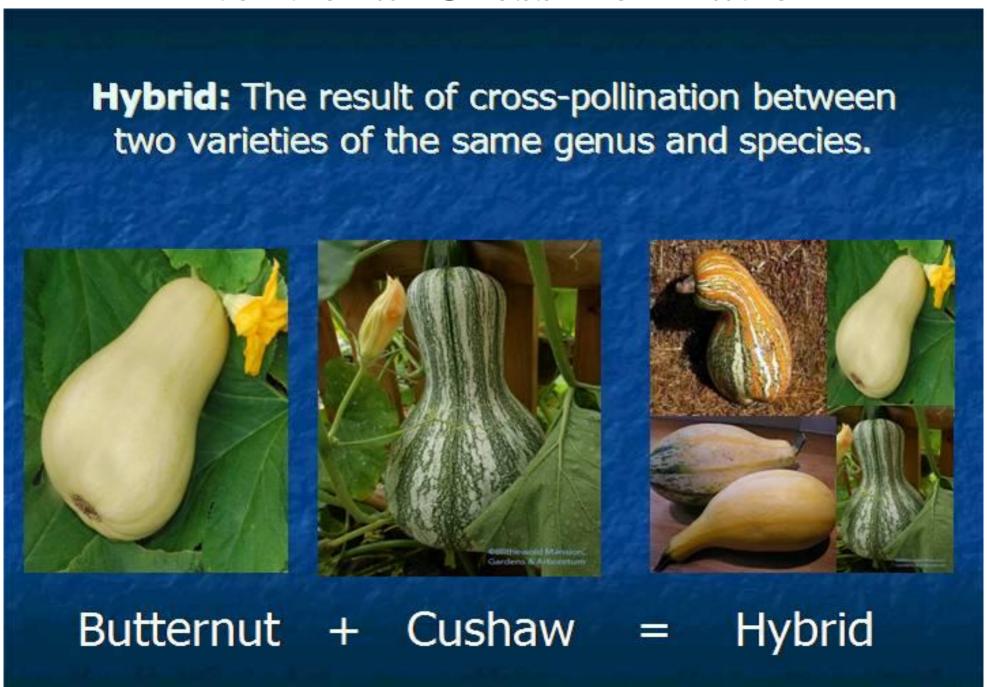








Intentional Cross-Pollination



Open-Pollinated: Plants produced by pollination between two or more genetically similar parents of the same species and variety.

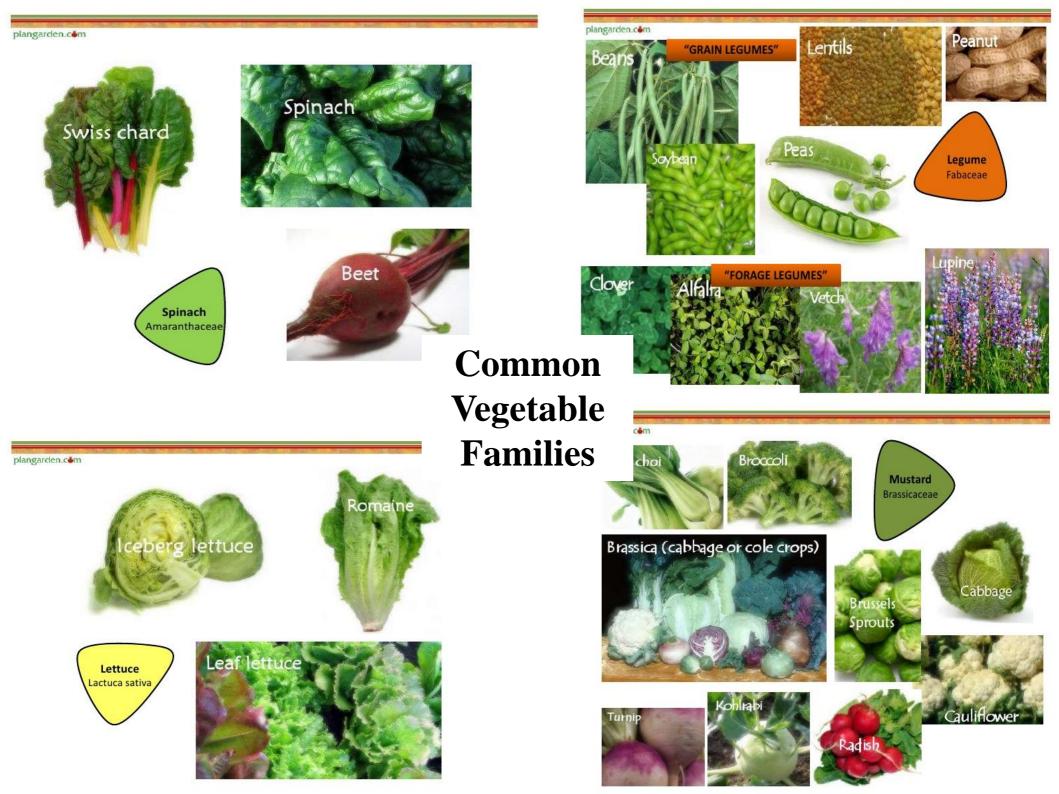
Heirlooms are simply very old open-pollinated varieties.

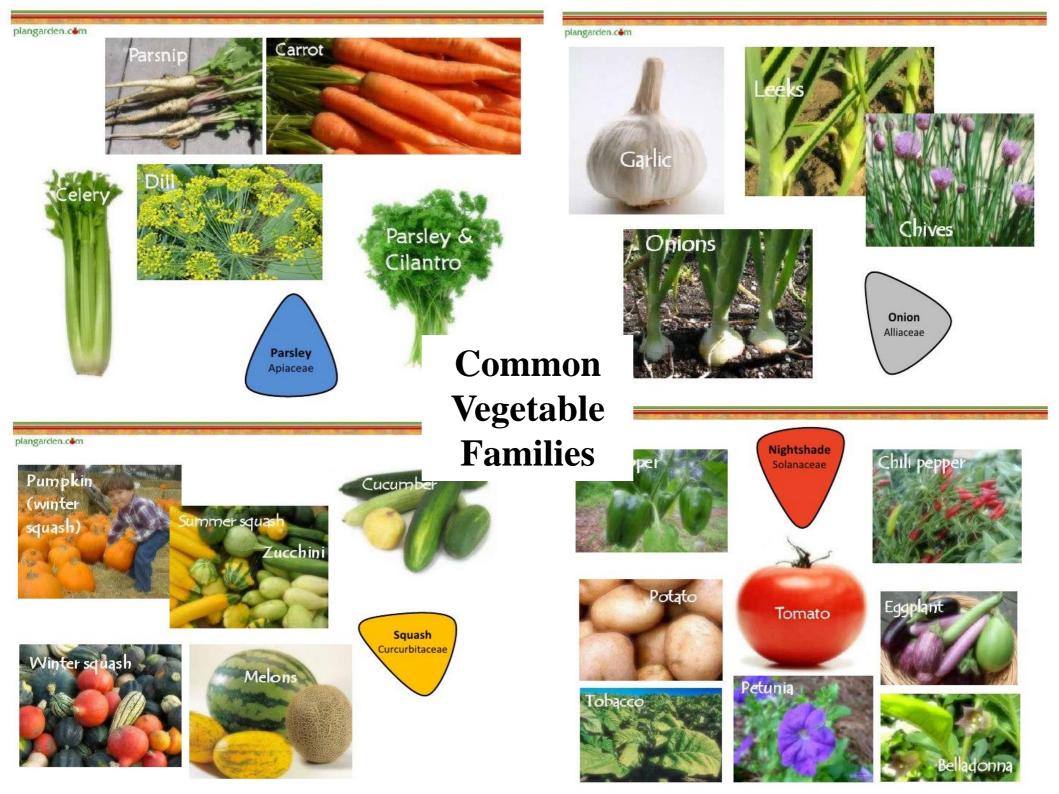






Butternut + Butternut = Butternut

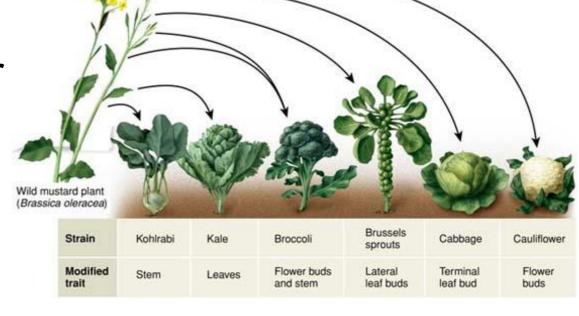




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